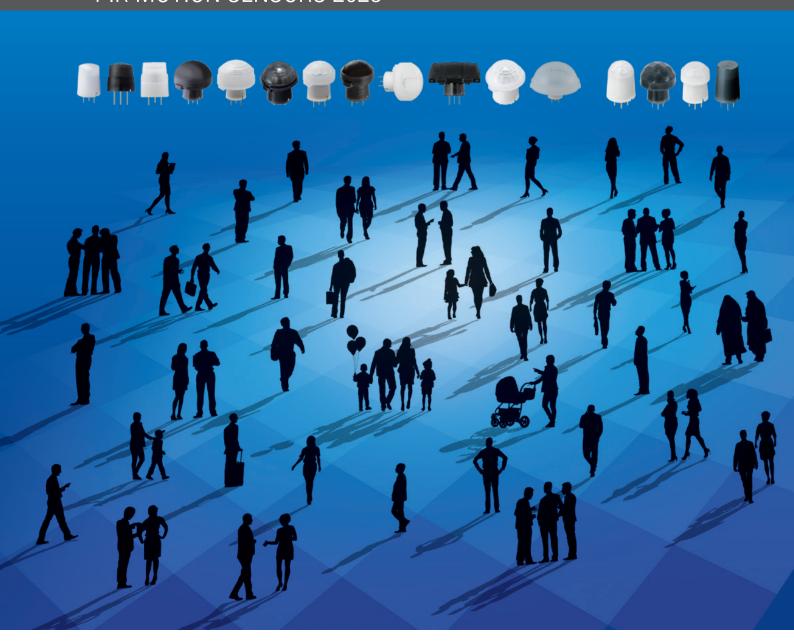


$(((P_{\text{a}}PIR_{\text{s}})))$

PIR MOTION SENSORS 2023



Special designs from Panasonic that provide high sensitivity and reliability

Pyroelectric infrared motion sensors from Panasonic for optimal usability and reliability

Panasonic develops and produces PIR motion sensors, which combine easy integration, high reliability and environment-friendly materials. The Panasonic PIR motion sensors abbreviated as PaPIRs, have different series of products, including:

EKM PaPIRs: 3rd generation

























AMN NaPiOn: 2nd generation

EKMB (WL) digital output for battery-operated devices (1, 2, $6\mu A$) EKMC (VZ) digital and analog output for battery-free devices (170µA) Available lens colors: white, black and pearl white

AMN3 digital output for battery-free devices (170µA) Available lens colors: white and black

CONTENT

Introduction	AMN - 10m Detection Type (Long Distance) 17
Ordering information	EKM - Ultra Slight Motion Detection Type 18
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EKM - Low Profile Type11	EKM - Horizontally Wide Detection Type23
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EKM - Long Distance Detection Type 14	EKM – Characteristics
EKM - High Density Long Distance Detection Type 15	AMN – Characteristics
EKM - NEW Ultra Wide & Long Distance Detection Type 16	Technical information
	Cautions for use

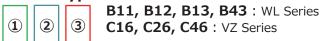
Ordering information







Sensor type



Lens type

4

4



06: High Density Long Distance **11**: Ultra Wide & Long Distance

Lens color



Suffix

6

K : The following products have "K" at the end EKMB13, EKMC26

Lensless

EKMB1100100, EKMB1200100, EKMB1300100K EKMC1600100, EKMC2600100K

AMN



← Sensor → ← Lens →

Lens type



4: 10m

Lens color

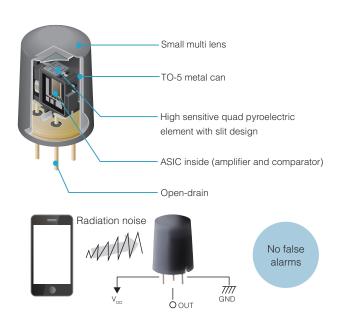
2 1: Black 2: White

Design features

The PIR motion sensors from Panasonic offer crucial advantages over conventional PIR motion sensors. The unique design concept (explained below) ranges from the production of the pyroelectric sensing devices to the internal signal processing, thus guaranteeing an optimal detection capability and high reliability.

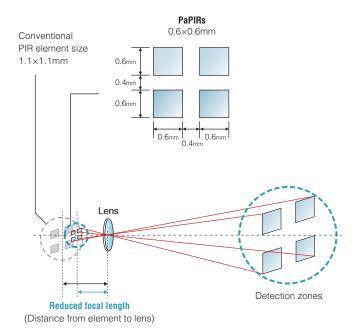
Easy design-in

The integrated amplifier/comparator circuit inside a TO-5 metal can (digital type) prevents interferences caused by electromagnetic fields, such as those generated by cell phones and wireless devices. A special differential circuit design is introduced for the **EKMB 6µA** type for applications where a high noise resistance is required (up to GHz range).



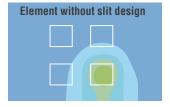
Small and optimal lens design

Thanks to the special design of the small pyroelectric elements, it is possible to use a smaller lens size while keeping the same detection area and distance compared to conventional sensors.

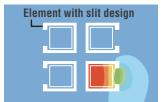


Best in class sensitivity

The sensitivity has been significantly improved thanks to a unique slit design of the pyroelectric elements. The separated sensing areas prevent thermal crosstalk between the single sensing elements. Therefore, reliable detection is possible even if the temperature difference between the background (e.g. floor/wall) and the target object (human) is small. (e.g. $\Delta T = 4^{\circ}C$)



Temperature distribution of conventional pyroelectric sensors without slit design

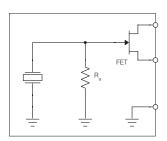


Temperature distribution of Panasonic's pyroelectric infrared sensors with slit design

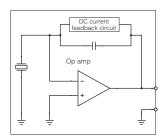
Best in class signal-to-noise ratio

Improved signal-to-noise ratio thanks to a special I/V circuit which is used for converting a current signal from the pyroelectric element to voltage. Panasonic PIR motion sensors perform by the feedback capacitor and the operational amplifier, different from the conventional FET-type, thereby decreasing the probability of false alarms due to temperature fluctuation.

Conventional PIR (JFET)

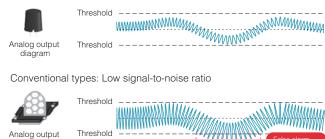


PaPIRs (op amp)



PaPIRs: High signal-to-noise ratio

diagram



Lead-free pyroelectric element

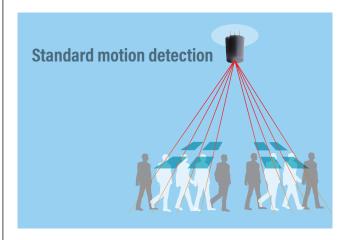
A ferroelectric Lithiumtantalate (LiTaO $_3$) single lead-free crystal is used as the pyroelectric element for Panasonic PIR motion sensors. Conventional PIR motion sensors normally use a ceramic base material (e.g. PZT) for the pyroelectric element, which contains lead in many cases.

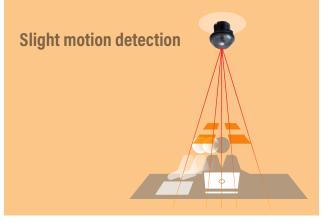
Low current consumption EKMB (WL)

Reduction of current consumption (1, 2 or $6\mu A$) thanks to the special circuit design technology allows battery life to be extended for battery-driven products.

Detection principle

Difference of Standard & Slight motion by lens design





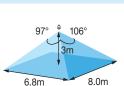
(Specified detection conditions)

Standard Detection Types

Standard



White / Black / Pearl white



Reference page

Lens color

Detection area

coverage



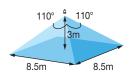
Typical application



Low Profile



White / Black / Pearl white



P. 11

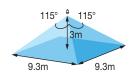




Flat Square



White / Black / Pearl white



P. 12

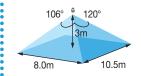




AMN series Standard



White / Black



P.13





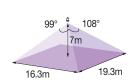


Long Distance Detection Types

Long Distance



White / Black / Pearl white



P. 14

Reference page

Lens color

Detection area

coverage





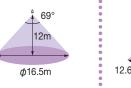
High Density Long Distance



White / Black / Pearl white



P. 15



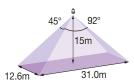


Wall air

Ultra Wide & Long Distance



White / Black / Pearl white



P. 16

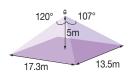


High-bay lighting

AMN series 10m Detection



White / Black





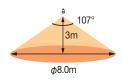


Slight Motion Detection Types

Ultra Slight



White / Black / Pearl white



P. 18

Reference page

Lens color

Detection area

coverage



Typical application



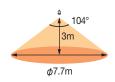




Slight Motion



White / Black / Pearl white



P. 19





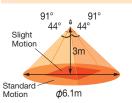
Wall air conditioners



Standard & Slight



White / Black / Pearl white



P. 20

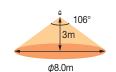




AMN series Slight Motion



White / Black



P. 21



Base lighting

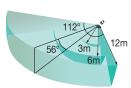


Specific Area Detection Types

Wall Installation



White / Black / Pearl white



Lens color

Detection area

coverage

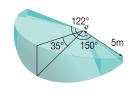
Reference page P. 22

Typical application

Horizontally Wide Detection



White / Black / Pearl white



P. 23

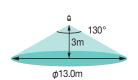




Wide Detection



White / Black / Pearl white



P. 24





AMN series Spot Detection



White / Black



P. 25





at https://industrial.panasonic.com/ww/products/pt/papirs

					Senso	r		Part number	
	Lens c	ategories	Ou	utput		urrent consumption	White	Black	Pearl white
				arpar	oundarity o	1μΑ	EKMB1101111	EKMB1101112	EKMB1101113
U)						2μA	EKMB1201111	EKMB1201112	EKMB1201113
e e	Standard		Di	igital	Standard	6μA	EKMB1301111K	EKMB1301112K	EKMB1301113K
Tvpes						170µA	EKMC1601111	EKMC1601112	EKMC1601113
_		111 111	An	nalog	Adjustable	170µA	EKMC2601111K	EKMC2601112K	EKMC2601113K
Detection				5	·	1μΑ	EKMB1107111	EKMB1107112	EKMB1107113
<u>.e</u>			D:	::41	Ctandard	2µA	EKMB1207111	EKMB1207112	EKMB1207113
- E	Low Profile		DI	igital	Standard	6μΑ	EKMB1307111K	EKMB1307112K	EKMB1307113K
ىق			III			170µA	EKMC1607111	EKMC1607112	EKMC1607113
(I)		<i></i>	An	nalog	Adjustable	170µA	EKMC2607111K	EKMC2607112K	EKMC2607113K
						1µA	EKMB1110111	EKMB1110112	EKMB1110113
0	FI 4.0		Di	igital	Standard	2µA	EKMB1210111	EKMB1210112	EKMB1210113
	Flat Square			· 3·		6µA	EKMB1310111K	EKMB1310112K	EKMB1310113K
Standard			TIT			170µA	EKMC1610111	EKMC1610112	EKMC1610113
			An	nalog	Adjustable	170µA	EKMC2610111K	EKMC2610112K	EKMC2610113K
100	AMN series					.=.			
S	Standard		Di	igital	Standard	170µA	AMN31112	AMN31111	_
			T						
						1µA	EKMB1103111	EKMB1103112	EKMB1103113
	Long Distance		Dig	gital	Standard	2μΑ 6μΑ	EKMB1203111 EKMB1303111K	EKMB1203112 EKMB1303112K	EKMB1203113 EKMB1303113K
	Long Distance					170μA	EKMC1603111	EKMC1603112K	EKMC1603113
	20	ाग गा	Ana	alog	Adjustable	170µA	EKMC2603111K	EKMC2603112K	EKMC2603113K
nce	High Density					1µA	EKMB1106111	EKMB1106112	EKMB1106113
2	High Density		Dig	gital	Standard	2µA	EKMB1206111	EKMB1206112	EKMB1206113
ַה בּ	Long Distance					6μΑ 170μΑ	EKMB1306111K	EKMB1306112K EKMC1606112	EKMB1306113K
Distar		न न	An	alog	Adjustable	170µA	EKMC1606111 EKMC2606111K	EKMC2606112K	EKMC1606113 EKMC2606113K
i i				3		1µA	EKMB1111111	EKMB1111112	EKMB1111113
					Standard	2µA	EKMB1211111	EKMB1211112	EKMB1211113
ၣႍ	Ultra Wide &		Dig	gital		6µA	EKMB1311111K	EKMB1311112K	EKMB1311113K
5	Long Distance					170μA 6μA	EKMC1611111 EKMB4311111K	EKMC1611112 EKMB4311112K	EKMC1611113 EKMB4311113K
	1	ान ज	100		High	170µA	EKMC4611111K	EKMC4611112K	EKMC4611113K
	2		An	alog	_	170µA	EKMC2611111K	EKMC2611112K	EKMC2611113K
	AMN series 10m Detection	9	Dig	gital	Standard	170μΑ	AMN34112	AMN34111	AMN34111
		<u> </u>				1µA	EKMB1109111	EKMB1109112	EKMB1109113
			D:		Otendend	2µA	EKMB1209111	EKMB1209112	EKMB1209113
	Ultra Slight		Dig	gital	Standard	6µA	EKMB1309111K	EKMB1309112K	EKMB1303913K
						170µA	EKMC1609111	EKMC1609112	EKMC1609113
			An	alog	Adjustable	170µA	EKMC2609111K	EKMC2609112K	EKMC2609113K
On	Δ					1µA	EKMB1191111	EKMB1191112	EKMB1191113
一要.	Olivia Martini		Die	gital	Standard	2µA	EKMB1291111	EKMB1291112	EKMB1291113
	Slight Motion			9		6μΑ	EKMB1391111K	EKMB1391112K	EKMB1391113K
2						170µA	EKMC1691111	EKMC1691112	EKMC1691113
7	ž l		An	alog	Adjustable	170µA	EKMC2691111K	EKMC2691112K	EKMC2691113K
ත						1µA	EKMB1193111	EKMB1193112	EKMB1193113
Ħ	Standard		Dig	gital	Standard	2µA	EKMB1293111	EKMB1293112	EKMB1293113
	and Slight					6μA	EKMB1393111K	EKMB1393112K	EKMB1393113K
	יי פיייים	THE THE	An	alog	Adjustable	170µA	EKMC1693111	EKMC1693112 EKMC2693112K	EKMC1693113 EKMC2693113K
			All	lalog	Adjustable	170µA	EKMC2693111K	LKWCZUJJIIZK	LKWGZUJJIIJK
	AMN series Slight Motion		Dig	gital	Standard	170μΑ	AMN32112	AMN32111	_
S						1µA	EKMB1104111	EKMB1104112	EKMB1104113
e			-	::4	Ot	2μΑ	EKMB1204111	EKMB1204112	EKMB1204113
<u> </u>	Wall Installation		- Di	igital	Standard	6μA	EKMB1304111K	EKMB1304112K	EKMB1304113K
É						170µA	EKMC1604111	EKMC1604112	EKMC1604113
<u></u>		7	An	nalog	Adjustable	170µA	EKMC2604111K	EKMC2604112K	EKMC2604113K
.은						1µA	EKMB1105111	EKMB1105112	EKMB1105113
ပ	Horizontally		Di	igital	Standard	2μΑ	EKMB1205111	EKMB1205112	EKMB1205113
te e	Wide Detection					6μΑ	EKMB1305111K	EKMB1305112K	EKMB1305113K
e	Tride Detection	TIT TIT	TIT			170µA	EKMC1605111	EKMC1605112	EKMC1605113
ے			An	nalog	Adjustable	170µA	EKMC2605111K	EKMC2605112K	EKMC2605113K
9						1µA	EKMB1108111	EKMB1108112	EKMB1108113
	MC I. D. C. C.		Di	igital	Standard	2µA	EKMB1208111	EKMB1208112	EKMB1208113
	Wide Detection		-	-		6µA	EKMB1308111K	EKMB1308112K	EKMB1308113K
. <u>:</u> 2				anl-	A dive-t-1	170µA	EKMC1608111	EKMC1608112	EKMC1608113
·5			An	nalog	Adjustable	170µA	EKMC2608111K	EKMC2608112K	EKMC2608113K
Specific Area Detection Types	AMN series Spot Detection		Di	igital	Standard	170µA	AMN33112	AMN33111	-

^{*}Please contact us if a higher or a lower sensitivity is required.
*All lens can be adopted with any applications.

at https://industrial.panasonic.com/ww/products/pt/papirs

FOV (H×V)	Detection zones	Detection distance	Reference	information		ition applications			
106°×97°	64	5.0m	Lighting controls	Lighting controls	Base lighting	Digital signage	loT module	IP cameras	P.10
110°×110°	32	5.0m	Lighting controls	Digital signage	loT module	Al speaker	Thermostats	IP cameras	P.11
115°×115°	40	5.0m	Air purifier	Digital signage	loT module	Al speaker	Thermostats	Elderly care robot	P.12
120°×106°	104	5.0m	Lighting controls	Lighting controls	Base lighting	Wall air conditioners	Ceiling air conditioners	Heaters	P.13
108°×99°	92	12.0m	Lighting controls	Base lighting	Street lighting	High-bay lighting	Wall air conditioners	Ceiling air conditioners	P.14
69°×69°	128	12.0 - 14.5m	Lighting controls	Base lighting	Street lighting	High-bay lighting	Wall air conditioners	IP cameras	P.15
92°×45°	188	10.0 – 15.0m	Street lighting	High-bay lighting	IP cameras	Lighting controls	Hot desking	Base lighting	P.16
120°×107°	80	5.0 – 10.0m	Lighting controls	Lighting for walk-in closet	Air purifier	Wall air conditioners	Ceiling air conditioners	Heaters	P.17
107°×107°	192	2.5 - 4.1m 5.2 - 8.0m (for Standard motion)	Lighting controls	Lighting controls	Base lighting	Wall air conditioners	Hot desking	IP cameras	P.18
104°×104°	112	2.5 - 4.0m	Lighting controls	Lighting controls	Base lighting	Wall air conditioners	Hot desking	IP cameras	P.19
44°×44° 91°×91°	36 48	2.2 - 3.1m	Lighting controls	Lighting controls	Base lighting	Wall air conditioners	Hot desking	IP cameras	P.20
107°×106°	104	2.0 – 3.3m	Lighting controls	Lighting controls	Base lighting	Wall air conditioners	Ceiling air conditioners	Heaters	P.21
56°×112°	68	12.0m/6.0m/3.0m	Lighting for walk-in close	et Street lighting	loT module	Hot desking	Thermostats	Wall air conditioners	P.22
122°×35° 150°×36°	88 16	5.0m	Lighting controls	Base lighting	Digital signage	loT module	Hot desking	Thermostats	P.23
130°×130°	208	2.5 - 5.9m	Lighting controls	Base lighting	Hot desking	Wall air conditioners	Ceiling air conditioners	IP cameras	P.24
57°×42°	24	5.0 - 5.6m	Lighting controls	Lighting controls	Digital signage	Hot desking	Sterilization stand	IP cameras	P.25

EKM - Standard Detection Type



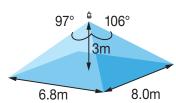
Specified detection distance (Note 1)	up to 5m
Typical ceiling installation height (Note 2)	3m
Field of view	106° x 97°
Detection zones	64
Note 1: > ∆T ≥ 4°C > Object speed: 1m/s > Object size: 700 x 250mm > Crossing 2 detection zones	Note 2: The sensitivity of passive infrared sensors is influenced by environmental conditions, so a performance evaluation test under representative conditions is recommended

Further information on electrical characteristics please see page 26

Detection area coverage

PaPIRs: 3rd generation Preference type Flat lens for an unobtrusive integration

Lens diameter 9.5mm



Typical applications







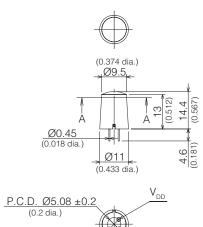
Base lighting

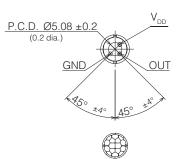
Digital signage

IP cameras

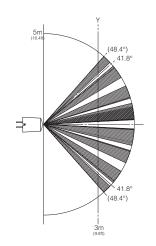
Dimension (in mm, inches in brackets)

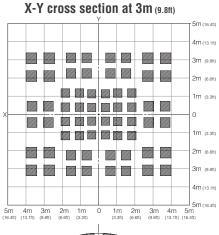
Detection area (reference)

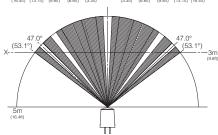




SECTION A-A







					• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Notes	Standby current consumption	Output type	Sensitivity	White	Black	Pearl White
l liab and	1μΑ	Digital (open collector)	Standard	EKMB1101111	EKMB1101112	EKMB1101113
High-end	2μA Digital (open collector)	Standard	EKMB1201111	EKMB1201112	EKMB1201113	
	6µА	Digital (open collector)	Standard	EKMB1301111K	EKMB1301112K	EKMB1301113K
Economy	170μΑ	Digital (open collector)	Standard	EKMC1601111	EKMC1601112	EKMC1601113
170μΑ	Analog (op amp)	Adjustable	EKMC2601111K	EKMC2601112K	EKMC2601113K	
	6µА	Digital (open collector)	High			
Special	170μΑ	Digital (open collector)	High	Please contact us i	if a higher or a lower se	nsitivity is required.
	170μΑ	Digital	Low			

Note: The specification shows the X-Y cross section at 2.5m.

(open collector)

(((PaPIRs)))

EKM - Low Profile Type



Specified detection distance (Note 1)	up to 5m
Typical ceiling installation height (Note 2)	3m
Field of view	110° x 110°
Detection zones	32
Note 1:	Note 2:

sensors is influenced by environmental conditions, so a performance evaluation

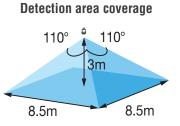
test under representative conditions is recommended

- Object speed: 1m/s
 Object size: 700 x 250mm
- Crossing 2 detection zones

Lower height lens design [14.4mm→10.9mm]

Comparable performance to PaPIRs standard detection type

Fit with superior product design



Typical applications







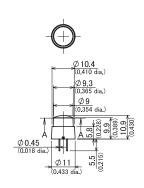
Digital signage

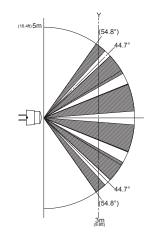
IP cameras

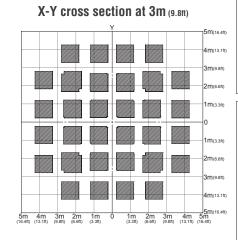
Further information on electrical characteristics please see page 26

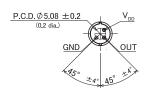
Dimension (in mm, inches in brackets)

Detection area (reference)











SECTION A-A

X-(54.8°)	44.7° (54.8°) 3m (10.00)
5m (16.4ft)	

	Oten dhu suusent					
Notes	Standby current consumption	Output type	Sensitivity	White	Black	Pearl White
High-end	1μA	Digital (open collector)	Standard	EKMB1107111	EKMB1107112	EKMB1107113
Higii-eila	2μΑ	Digital (open collector)	Standard	EKMB1207111	EKMB1207112	EKMB1207113
	6µА	Digital (open collector)	Standard	EKMB1307111K	EKMB1307112K	EKMB1307113K
Economy	170µA	Digital (open collector)	Standard	EKMC1607111	EKMC1607112	EKMC1607113
170μA Analog Ao (op amp)	Adjustable	EKMC2607111K	EKMC2607112K	EKMC2607113K		
	6µА	Digital (open collector)	High			
Special	170µA	Digital (open collector)	High	Please contact us i	f a higher or a lower se	nsitivity is required.
	170uA	Digital	Low			

Low

(open collector)

170μΑ

EKM – Flat Square Type



Specified detection distance (Note 1)	Up to 5.0m
Typical ceiling installation height (Note 2)	3.0m
Field of view	115° x 115°
Detection zones	40
Note 1: → ΔT ≥ 4°C	Note 2: The sensitivity of passive infrared

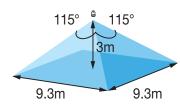
Object speed: 1.0m/s Object size: 700 x 250mm

Crossing 2 detection zones

sensors is influenced by environmental conditions, so a performance evaluation test under representative conditions is recommended

Detection area coverage

Detection area: 9m x 9m (@3m installation height) Flat & square lens design: 10.6 x 10.6mm Low profile: 10.9mm



Typical applications







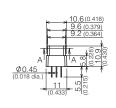
IoT module

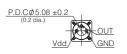
Thermostats

Further information on electrical characteristics please see page 26

Dimension (in mm, inches in brackets)

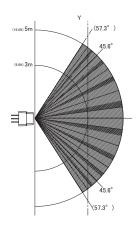


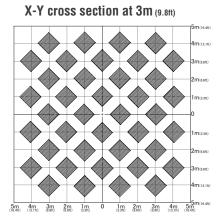


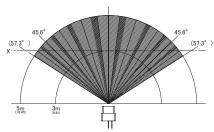




Detection area (reference)







Notes	Standby current consumption	Output type	Sensitivity	White	Black	Pearl White
	1μΑ	Digital	Standard	EKMB1110111	EKMB1110112	EKMB1110113
High-end	2μΑ	Digital	Standard	EKMB1210111	EKMB1210112	EKMB1210113
	6µА	Digital	Standard	EKMB1310111K	EKMB1310112K	EKMB1310113K
Economy	170µA	Digital	Standard	EKMC1610111	EKMC1610112	EKMC1610113
	170µA	Analog	Adjustable	EKMC2610111K	EKMC2610112K	EKMC2610113K
	6µА	Digital	High		1	
Special	170µA	Digital	High	Please contact us if a higher or a lower sensitivity		nsitivity is required.
	170uA	Digital	Low			

Note: The specification shows the X-Y cross section at 2.5m.

$(((P_{a}PIR_{s})))$

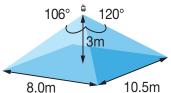
AMN - Standard Detection Type





NaPiOn: 2nd generation
Small lens diameter of
only 9.5mm

Detection area coverage 120° 106°



Specified detection distance (Note 1)	up to 5m
Typical ceiling installation height (Note 2)	3m
Field of view	120° x 106°
Detection zones	64
Note 1: Description AT ≥ 4°C Description Object speed: 1m/s Description Object size: 700 x 250mm Crossing 2 detection zones	Note 2: The sensitivity of passive infrared sensors is influenced by environmental conditions, so a performance evaluation test under representative conditions is recommended

Further information on electrical characteristics please see page 28

Typical applications







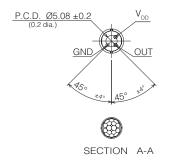
Base lighting

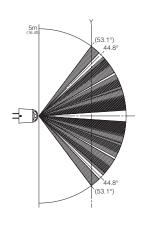
Ceiling air conditioners

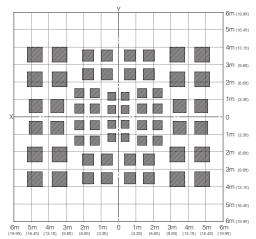
Dimension (in mm, inches in brackets)

Detection area (reference)

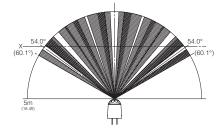
A Ø0.45 ±0.05 (0.018 dia.)







X-Y cross section at 3m (9.8ft)



Notes	Standby current consumption	Output type	Sensitivity	White	Black
NaPiOn 2nd generation	170μΑ	Digital (open collector)	Standard	AMN31112	AMN31111

Note: The specification shows the X-Y cross section at 2.5m.

EKM - Long Distance Detection Type

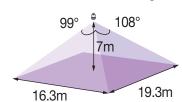


Specified detection distance (Note 1)	up to 12m
Typical ceiling installation height (Note 2)	7m
Field of view	108° x 99°
Detection zones	92
Note 1: AT ≥ 4°C Diject speed: 1m/s Diject size: 700 x 250mm Crossing 2 detection zones	Note 2: The sensitivity of passive infrared sensors is influenced by environmental conditions, so a performance evaluation test under representative conditions is recommended

Further information on electrical characteristics please see page 26

Detection area coverage

PaPIRs: 3rd generation Lens diameter 20.7mm Similar dimensions like the Wall Installation Type



Typical applications







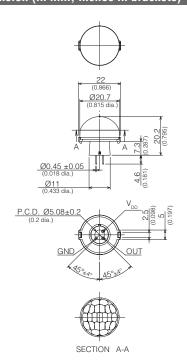
Street lighting

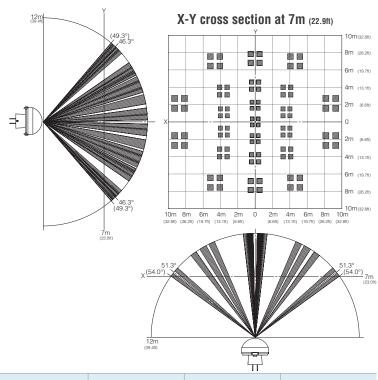
High-bay lighting

Ceiling air conditioners

Dimension (in mm, inches in brackets)

Detection area (reference)





					TF	
Notes	Standby current consumption	Output type	Sensitivity	White	Black	Pearl White
l liab and	1µA	Digital (open collector)	Standard	EKMB1103111	EKMB1103112	EKMB1103113
High-end	2µA	Digital (open collector)	Standard	EKMB1203111	EKMB1203112	EKMB1203113
	6µА	Digital (open collector)	Standard	EKMB1303111K	EKMB1303112K	EKMB1303113K
Economy	170μΑ	Digital (open collector)	Standard	EKMC1603111	EKMC1603112	EKMC1603113
	170μΑ	Analog (op amp)	Adjustable	EKMC2603111K	EKMC2603112K	EKMC2603113K
	6µА	Digital (open collector)	High			
Special	170μΑ	Digital (open collector)	High	Please contact us i	f a higher or a lower se	nsitivity is required.
	170μΔ	Digital	Low			

Low

(open collector)

Note: The specification shows the X-Y cross section at 5m.

170μΑ

((PaPIRs))

EKM - High Density Long Distance Detection Type



Specified detection distance (Note 1)	up to 12m - 14.5m
Typical ceiling installation height (Note 2)	12m *In case of using High sensitivity sensors: 17m
Field of view	69° x 69°
Detection zones	128
Note 1: > ∆T ≥ 4°C > Object speed: 1m/s > Object size: 700 x 250mm > Crossing 2 detection zones	Note 2: The sensitivity of passive infrared sensors is influenced by environmental conditions, so a performance evaluation test under representative conditions is recommended

Smallest long range sensor Maximum installation height of 17m (high sensitivity type) Lens diameter 19.3mm Additional lip (20.45mm) ready for an o-ring

PaPIRs: 3rd generation



Typical applications







Lighting controls

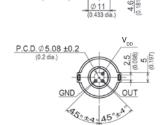
conditioners

IP cameras

Further information on electrical characteristics please see page 26

Dimension (in mm, inches in brackets)

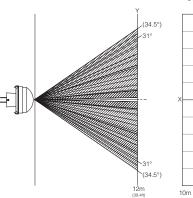
Detection area (reference)

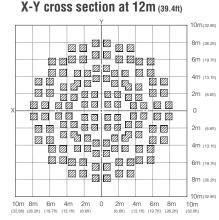


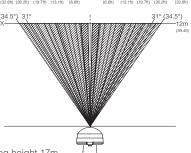
Ø 0.45 ±0.05



SECTION A-A







Please contact us	if	you	install	at	celling	height	17n

				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
Notes	Standby current consumption	Output type	Sensitivity	White	Black	Pearl White	
High and	1µA	Digital (open collector)	Standard	EKMB1106111	EKMB1106112	EKMB1106113	
High-end	2µA	Digital (open collector)	Standard	EKMB1206111	EKMB1206112	EKMB1206113	
	6µА	Digital (open collector)	Standard	EKMB1306111K	EKMB1306112K	EKMB1306113K	
Economy	170μΑ	Digital (open collector)	Standard	EKMC1606111	EKMC1606112	EKMC1606113	
	170μΑ	Analog (op amp)	Adjustable	EKMC2606111K	EKMC2606112K	EKMC2606113K	
	6µА	Digital (open collector)	High	EKMB4306111K	EKMB4306112K	EKMB4306113K	
Special	170μΑ	Digital (open collector)	High	EKMC4606111K	EKMC4606112K	EKMC4606113K	
	170μΑ	Digital	Low	Please conta	ct us if a lower sensitivi	ty is required.	

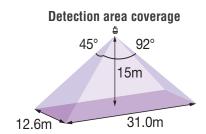
Long Distance Detection Type

EKM - Ultra Wide & Long Distance Detection Type



sensor (lens Ø32.6mm)
High sensitivity on the aisle entry and exit area
Optimized for radial movement

Smallest aisle high bay



Note 1:	Note 2:
Detection zones	188
Field of view	92° x 45°
Typical ceiling installation height (Note 2)	15m *In case of using Standard sensitivity sensors: 10m
Specified detection distance (Note 1)	up to 10 - 15m

- Object speed: 1m/sObject size: 700 x 250mm Crossing 2 detection zones

The sensitivity of passive infrared sensors is influenced by environmental conditions, so a performance evaluation test under representative conditions is recommended

Typical applications







Street lighting

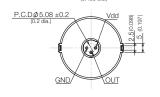
High-bay lighting

IP cameras

Further information on electrical characteristics please see page 26

Dimension (in mm, inches in brackets)

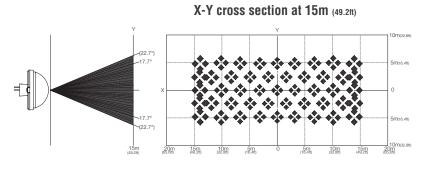
37.5 (1.476) Ø36 (1.417 dia.) Ø32.6 (1.283 dia.)

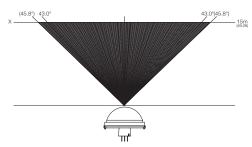




SECTION A-A

Detection area (reference)





Please contact us if you install at celling height 10m

Notes	Standby current consumption	Output type	Sensitivity	White	Black	Pearl White
I link and	1μΑ	Digital (open collector)	Standard	EKMB1111111	EKMB1111112	EKMB1111113
High-end	2μΑ	Digital (open collector)	Standard	EKMB1211111	EKMB1211112	EKMB1211113
	6µА	Digital (open collector)	Standard	EKMB1311111K	EKMB1311112K	EKMB1311113K
Economy	170μΑ	Digital (open collector)	Standard	EKMC1611111	EKMC1611112	EKMC1611113
	170μΑ	Analog (op amp)	Adjustable	EKMC2611111K	EKMC2611112K	EKMC2611113K
	6µА	Digital (open collector)	High*	EKMB4311111K	EKMB4311112K	EKMB4311113K
Special	170μΑ	Digital (open collector)	High*	EKMC4611111K EKMC4611112K EKM	EKMC4611113K	
	170μΑ	Digital (open collector)	Low	Please conta	ct us if a lower sensitivi	ty is required.

Note*: The EKMB43- and EKMC46- series have a lower threshold-to-noise ratio. Please contact us for further details

$(((P_{a}PIR_{s})))$

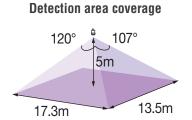
AMN - 10m Detection Type (Long Distance)





NaPiOn:	2nd	generation
---------	-----	------------

Typical applications



Specified detection distance (Note 1)	up to 5 - 10m
Typical ceiling installation height (Note 2)	5m
Field of view	120° x 107°
Detection zones	80
Note 1:	Note 2:

- Object speed: 1m/s
 Object size: 700 x 250mm
 Crossing 2 detection zones

The sensitivity of passive infrared sensors is influenced by environmental conditions, so a performance evaluation

test under representative conditions is

Lighting for walk-in closet



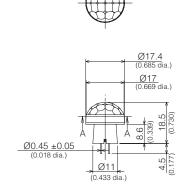


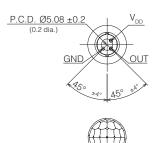


Further information on electrical characteristics please see page 28

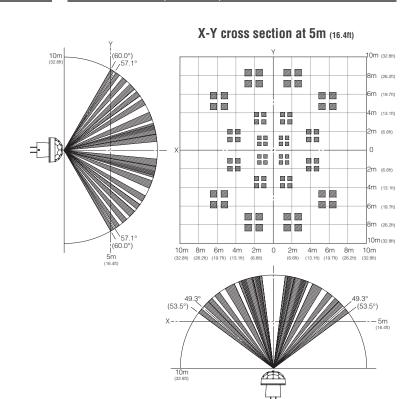
Dimension (in mm, inches in brackets)

Detection area (reference)









	Notes	Standby current consumption	Output type	Sensitivity	White	Black
Na	PiOn 2nd generation	170μΑ	Digital (open collector)	Standard	AMN34112	AMN34111



EKM - Ultra Slight Motion Detection Type







	Slight motion	Standard motion		
Specified detection distance (Note 1)	2.5m ~ 4.1m	5.0m ~ 8.2m		
Typical ceiling installation height(Note 2)	3.0m	6.0m		
Field of view	107° x 107°			
Detection zones	192			
Note 1: AT ≥ 4°C Object speed: 0.5m/s (Slight motion)	Note 2: The sensitivity of pa sensors is influence			

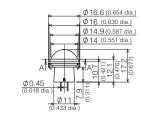
Further information on electrical characteristics please see page 26

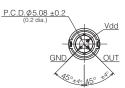
The sensitivity of passive infrared sensors is influenced by environmental conditions, so a performance evaluation test under representative conditions is recommended

Dimension (in mm, inches in brackets)

Object size: 200 x 200mm (Slight motion)
 700 x 250mm (Standard motion)

Crossing 1 detection zones





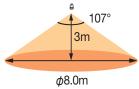


mized for the detection of

Optimized for the detection of smallest movements and objects

Extremely small lens: 14mm diameter

Same mechanical dimensions like the Wide Detection Type



Detection area coverage

Typical applications







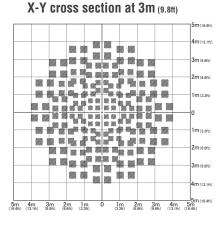
Wall air conditioners

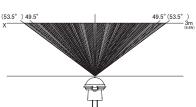
IP cameras

Detection area (reference)

3m

(53.5°) (49.5°) (53.5°)





Notes	Standby current consumption	Output type	Sensitivity	White	Black	Pearl White	
Lliab and	1µA	Digital	Standard	EKMB1109111	EKMB1109112	EKMB1109113	
High-end	2μΑ	Digital	Standard	EKMB1209111	EKMB1209112	EKMB1209113	
	6µА	Digital	Standard	EKMB1309111K	EKMB1309112K	EKMB1309113K	
Economy	170µA	Digital	Standard	EKMC1609111	EKMC1609112	EKMC1609113	
	170µA	Analog	Adjustable	EKMC2609111K	EKMC2609112K	EKMC2609113K	
	6µА	Digital	High				
Special	170µA	Digital	High	Please contact us if a higher or a lower sensitivity is requ			
	170μΑ	Digital	Low				

Note: The specification shows the X-Y cross section at 2.5m.

$(((P_{a}PIR_{s})))$

EKM - Slight Motion Detection Type



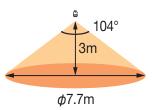
Specified detection distance (Note 1)	up to 2.5m - 4m
Typical ceiling installation height (Note 2)	3m
Field of view	104° x 104°
Detection zones	112
Note 1: > ∆T ≥ 4°C > Object speed: 0.5m/s > Object size: 200 x 200mm > Crossing 1 detection zone	Note 2: The sensitivity of passive infrared sensors is influenced by environmental conditions, so a performance evaluation test under representative conditions is recommended

Further information on electrical characteristics please see page 26

Detection area coverage

PaPIRs: 3rd generation Optimized for small movements Lens diameter 14.6mm

Almost the same mechanical dimensions like the Standard and Slight Motion Detection Type (lens diameter 0.3mm smaller)



Typical applications





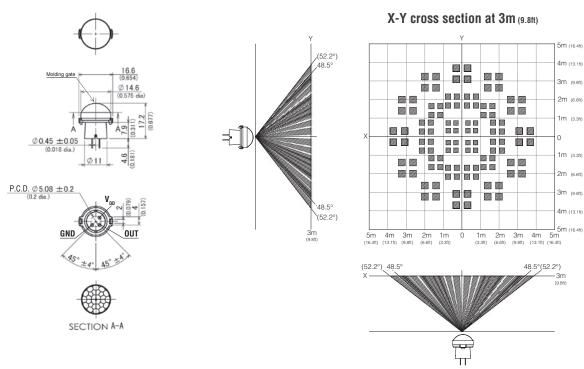


Wall air conditioners

IP cameras

Dimension (in mm, inches in brackets)

Detection area (reference)



					11	
Notes	Standby current consumption	Output type	Sensitivity	White	Black	Pearl White
High and	1µA	Digital (open collector)	Standard	EKMB1191111	EKMB1191112	EKMB1191113
High-end	2µA	Digital (open collector)	Standard	EKMB1291111	EKMB1291112	EKMB1291113
	6µА	Digital (open collector)	Standard	EKMB1391111K	EKMB1391112K	EKMB1391113K
Economy	170µA	Digital (open collector)	Standard	EKMC1691111	EKMC1691112	EKMC1691113
	170µA	Analog (op amp)	Adjustable	EKMC2691111K	EKMC2691112K	EKMC2691113K
	6µА	Digital (open collector)	High			
Special	170µA	Digital (open collector)	High	Please contact us i	f a higher or a lower se	nsitivity is required.

Low

Note: The specification shows the X-Y cross section at 2.5m.

170μΑ

Digital

(open collector)

Slight Motion Detection Type

EKM - Standard and Slight Motion Detection Type



Specified detection distance (Note 1)	up to 2.2m - 3.1m
Typical ceiling installation height (Note 2)	3m
Field of view slight motion area	44° x 44°
Field of view standard motion area	91° x 91°
Detection zones slight motion area	36
Detection zones standard motion area	48
Note 1:	Note 2:

- Note 1:

 > ∆T ≥ 4°C

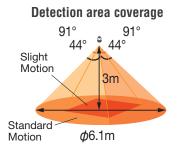
 Object speed: 0.5m/s (slight motion area)

 Object speed: 1m/s (standard motion area)
- Object size: 200 x 200mm (slight motion area)
 Object size: 400 x 200mm (standard motion area)
- Crossing 1 detection zone (slight motion area) Crossing 2 detection zones (standard motion area)

The sensitivity of passive infrared sensors is influenced by environmental conditions, so a performance evaluation test under representative conditions is recommended

PaPIRs: 3rd generation The rectangular center zone is optimized detecting smallest movements.

Lens diameter 14.9mm Almost the same mechanical dimensions like the Slight Motion Detection Type (lens diameter 0.3mm bigger)



Typical applications







Wall air conditioners

IP cameras

Further information on electrical characteristics please see page 26

Dimension (in mm, inches in brackets)

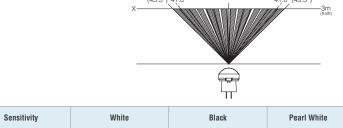
Detection area (reference)

16.6 (0.654 dia) Ø14.9 (0.587 dia) Ø0.45 ±0.05 P.C.D. Ø5.08 ±0.2





X-Y cross section at 3m (9.8ft) Slight motion _ detection area Standard motion detection area 5m (16.4ft) 4m (13.1ft) 3m (9.8ft) ím m 2m (6.6ft) **2** 1m (3.3ft) 0 1m (3.3ft) w w *** * *** 2m (6.6ft) 3m (9.8ft) (45.3°) 4m (13.1ft) 4m 3m (13.1ft) (9.8ft) 1m (45.3°) 41.0° 41.0° (45.3°)



					• •	
Notes	Standby current consumption	Output type	Sensitivity	White	Black	Pearl White
lliab and	1μΑ	Digital (open collector)	Standard	EKMB1193111	EKMB1193112	EKMB1193113
High-end	2μΑ	Digital (open collector)	Standard	EKMB1293111	EKMB1293112	EKMB1293113
	6µА	Digital (open collector)	Standard	EKMB1393111K	EKMB1393112K	EKMB1393113K
Economy	170μΑ	Digital (open collector)	Standard	EKMC1693111	EKMC1693112	EKMC1693113
	170μΑ	Analog (op amp)	Adjustable	EKMC2693111K	EKMC2693112K	EKMC2693113K
	6µА	Digital (open collector)	High			
Special	170μΑ	Digital (open collector)	High	Please contact us if a higher or a lower s		sitivity is required.
	170μΑ	Digital (open collector)	Low			

Note: The specification shows the X-Y cross section at 2.2m.



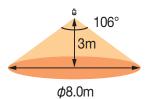
AMN - Slight Motion Detection Type





NaPiOn: 2nd generation Optimized for small

movements



Detection area coverage

Specified detection distance (Note 1)	up to 2m - 3.3m
Typical ceiling installation height (Note 2)	3m
Field of view	107° x 106°
Detection zones	104
Note 1: AT ≥ 4°C Object speed: 0.5m/s Object size: 200mm x 200mm Crossing 1 detection zone	Note 2: The sensitivity of passive infrared sensors is influenced by environmental conditions, so a performance evaluation test under representative conditions is recommended

Typical applications







Base lighting

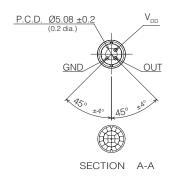
conditioners

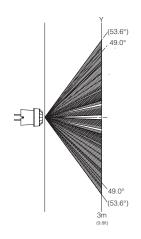
Further information on electrical characteristics please see page 28

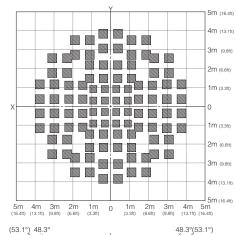
Dimension (in mm, inches in brackets)

Detection area (reference)

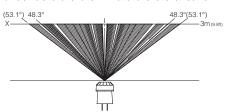
Ø0.45 ±0.05 (0.018 dia.) Øi1







X-Y cross section at 3m (9.8ft)



Notes		Standby current consumption	Output type	Sensitivity	White	Black
NaPiOn 2nd gen	ration	170μΑ	Digital (open collector)	Standard	AMN32112	AMN32111

Note: The specification shows the X-Y cross section at 2m.

Long Distance Detection Type

EKM - Wall Installation Type



Specified detection distance (Note 1 & 2)	up to 12m (1st step lens) up to 6m (2nd step lens) up to 3m (3rd step lens)		
Field of view	56° x 112°		
Detection zones	68		

Note 2:

The sensitivity of passive infrared sensors is influenced by environmental conditions, so a performance evaluation

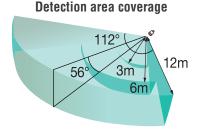
test under representative conditions is

Note 1:

- ΔT ≥ 4°C Object speed: 1m/s Object size: 700 x 250mm
- Crossing 2 detection zones

Lens diameter 20.7mm Similar dimensions like the Long Distance Detection Type

PaPIRs: 3rd generation



Typical applications







Street lighting

IoT module

X-Y cross section at 5m (16.4ft)

Wall air conditioners

Further information on electrical characteristics please see page 26

Dimension (in mm, inches in brackets)

Detection area (reference)

P.C.D. Ø5.08 ±0.2



SECTION A-A

,1st line lens 8m 6m 4m 2m (26.2ft) (19.7ft) (13.1ft) (6.6ft) 4m 6m 8m (13.1ft) (19.7ft) (26.2ft) 5m (16.4ft) (56.1°)

Notes	Standby current consumption	Output type	Sensitivity	White	Black	Pearl White
Lliab and	1μΑ	Digital (open collector)	Standard	EKMB1104111	EKMB1104112	EKMB1104113
High-end	2μΑ	Digital (open collector)	Standard	EKMB1204111	EKMB1204112	EKMB1204113
	6µА	Digital (open collector)	Standard	EKMB1304111K	EKMB1304112K	EKMB1304113K
Economy	170μΑ	Digital (open collector)	Standard	EKMC1604111	EKMC1604112	EKMC1604113
	170μΑ	Analog (op amp)	Adjustable	EKMC2604111K	EKMC2604112K	EKMC2604113k
	6μΑ	Digital (open collector)	High			
Special	170μΑ	Digital (open collector)	High	Please contact us if a higher or a lower sensitivity is requir		ensitivity is required.
	170uA	Digital	Low			

Low

170μΑ

(open collector)

(((PaPIRs)))

EKM - Horizontally Wide Detection Type

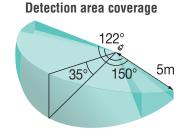


Specified detection distance (Note 1 & 2)	up to 5m
Field of view area A	122° x 35°
Field of view area B	150° x 36°
Detection zones area A	88
Detection zones area B	16
Note 1: AT ≥ 4°C (Area A) AT ≥ 8°C (Area B) Object speed: 1m/s Object size: 700 x 250mm Crossing 2 detection zones	Note 2: The sensitivity of passive infrared sensors is influenced by environmental conditions, so a performance evaluation test under representative conditions is recommended.

Further information on electrical characteristics please see page 26

PaPIRs: 3rd generation World's first PIR with "Approach Sensing" technology

Panasonic presents the world's first PIR sensor in the shape of a hammerhead with a special optic, which is more sensitive to radial motion.



Typical applications







Base lighting

Digital signage

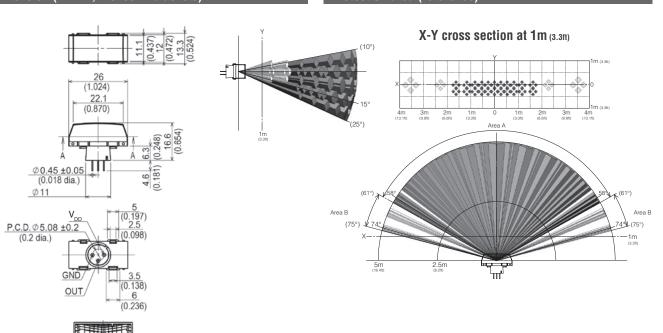
Thermostats

Dimension (in mm, inches in brackets)

SECTION A-A

170µA

Detection area (reference)



Notes	Standby current consumption	Output type	Sensitivity	White	Black	Pearl White
I II alla and	1µA	Digital (open collector)	Standard	EKMB1105111	EKMB1105112	EKMB1105113
High-end	2µA	Digital (open collector)	Standard	EKMB1205111	EKMB1205112	EKMB1205113
	6µА	Digital (open collector)	Standard	EKMB1305111K	EKMB1305112K	EKMB1305113K
Economy	170μΑ	Digital (open collector)	Standard	EKMC1605111	EKMC1605112	EKMC1605113
	170μΑ	Analog (op amp)	Adjustable	EKMC2605111K	EKMC2605112K	EKMC2605113K
	6µА	Digital (open collector)	High			
Special	170μΑ	Digital (open collector)	High	Please contact us	if a higher or a lower se	nsitivity is required.

Low

Digital

(open collector)

EKM - Wide Detection Type







Note 1:	Note 2:
Detection zones	208
Field of view	130° x 130°
Typical ceiling installation height(Note 2)	3.0m
Specified detection distance (Note 1)	2.5m ~ 5.9m

- Object speed: 1.0m/s Object size: 700 x 250mm
- Crossing 2 detection zones

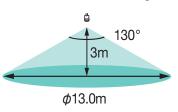
The sensitivity of passive infrared sensors is influenced by environmental conditions, so a performance evaluation test under representative conditions is recommended

Detection area coverage

Large detection area: ø12.9m (@3m installation height)

Extremely small lens: 14mm diameter

Same mechanical dimensions like the Ultra Slight Motion **Detection Type**



Typical applications







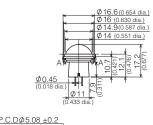
Lighting controls Wall air conditioners

IP cameras

Dimension (in mm, inches in brackets)

Further information on electrical characteristics please see page 26



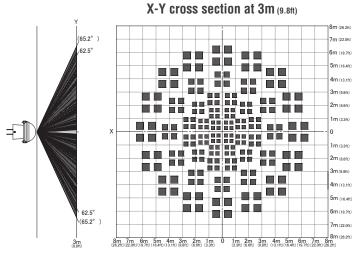






SECTION A-A

Detection area (reference)





Notes	Standby current consumption	Output type	Sensitivity	White	Black	Pearl White
l Kala and	1µA	Digital	Standard	EKMB1108111	EKMB1108112	EKMB1108113
High-end 2µA	2µA	Digital	Standard	EKMB1208111	EKMB1208112	EKMB1208113
	6µА	Digital	Standard	EKMB1308111K	EKMB1308112K	EKMB1308113K
Economy	170µA	Digital	Standard	EKMC1608111	EKMC1608112	EKMC1608113
	170µA	Analog	Adjustable	EKMC2608111K	EKMC2608112K	EKMC2608113K
	6µА	Digital	High			
Special	170μΑ	Digital	High	Please contact us if a higher or a lower sensitivity is require		
	170uA	Digital	Low			

Note: The specification shows the X-Y cross section at 2.5m.

Specified detection distance (Note 1)

Typical ceiling installation height (Note 2)

Field of view

Note 1:

Detection zones

ΔT ≥ 4°C
 Object speed: 1m/s

Object size: 700 x 250mmCrossing 2 detection zones



AMN - Spot Detection Type





up to 5m - 5.6m

The sensitivity of passive infrared sensors is influenced by environmental conditions, so a performance evaluation

test under representative conditions is

5m

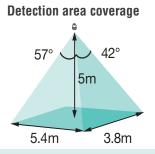
24

Note 2:

recommended

57° x 42°

NaPiOn: 2nd generation
Flat lens
Lens diameter 8.9mm
Narrow field of view



Typical applications







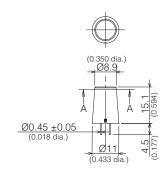
Digital signage

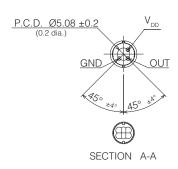
Sterilization stand

IP cameras

Further information on electrical characteristics please see page 28

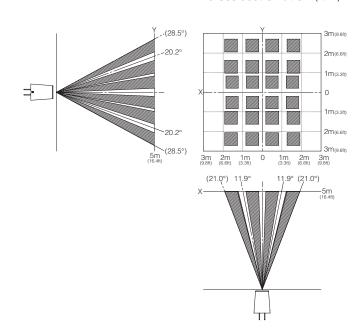
Dimension (in mm, inches in brackets)





Detection area (reference)

X-Y cross section at 5m (16.4ft)



Notes	Standby current consumption	Output type	Sensitivity	White	Black
NaPiOn 2nd generation	170µA	Digital (open collector)	Standard	AMN33112	AMN33111



EKM - Characteristics

EKM - Maximum rated values

Items	EKMB series	EKMC series
Power supply voltage	-0.3 to 4.5VDC	-0.3 to 7VDC
Ambient temperature	-20 to 60°C -20 to 55°C (high sensitivity type) (no frost, no condensation)	
Storage temperature	-20 to	70°C

EKM - Electrical characteristics (digital output types)

ltem	Sy	mbol	EKMB11□ series EKMB12□ series EKMB13□K series (2μA) (6μA)						EKMB13□K series (6µA)	EKMC16□ series (170µA)	Conditions
		Max	4.0V DC		6.0V DC						
Operating voltage	V _{DD}	Min	2.3VDC		3.0V DC	_					
Current consumption (in standby/sleep mode) Note 1	I _w	Ave	1μΑ	2µА	6µА	170μΑ	Ambient temperature: 25°C $I_{OUT} = 0A$ EKMB series: $V_{DD} = 3VDC$ EKMC series: $V_{DD} = 5VDC$				
Output current (during detection period) Note 2	I _{OUT}	Max	100μΑ			Ambient temperature: 25°C V _{OUT} ≥V _{DD} – 0.5VDC					
Output voltage (during detection period)	V _{OUT}	Min	V _{DD} – 0.5V			Ambient temperature: 25°C					
Circuit stability time		Ave			Ambient temperature: 25°C I _{out} =0A						
(when voltage is applied)	T _{WU}	Max	210 se	econds	10 seconds	30 seconds	EKMB series: V _{DD} = 3V DC EKMC series: V _{DD} = 5V DC				

The total current consumption during detection is the current consumption in standby mode (I_w) plus the output current (I_{OUT}) . For the 1 μ A type the average current consumption (I_w) is 1 μ A in sleep mode and 1.9 μ A in standby mode. Please also refer to the timing charts on the next page. Note 1:

Note 2: Please select an output resistor (pull-down concept) in accordance with V_{OUT} so that the output current is maximum 100 μ A.

EKM - Electrical characteristics (analog output)

Item	Symbol	EKMC26□K series		Remarks
Operating valte as	\/	Max	5.5V	
Operating voltage	V_{DD}	Min	3.0V	
Current consumption		Ave	170μΑ	Ambient temperature = 25°C
(in standby mode) Note1	I _W	Max	350µA	I _{OUT} = OA
Output current (during detection period) Note 2	I _{OUT}	Max	200μΑ	-
A	V _H	High	Min. 1.9V	-
Analog output saturated voltage	V _L	Low	Max. 0.2V	-
		Max	1.2V	A relations to the many of the Control of the Contr
Output offset voltage (at non detection)	V _{OFF}	Ave	1.1V	Ambient temperature: 25°C Steady output voltage at non
` '		Min	1.0V	detection
Steady noise		Max	150mV _{PP}	
	V _N	Ave	80mV _{PP}	
Circuit stability time (after applying voltage)	t _{wu}	Max	30 seconds	Ambient temperature: 25°C

Note 1: The total current consumption during detection is the current consumption in standby mode (I_w) plus the output current (I_{OUT}) .

Note 2: The output offset voltage has a certain tolerance. Please assure to measure the offset voltage before setting the upper and lower threshold values.

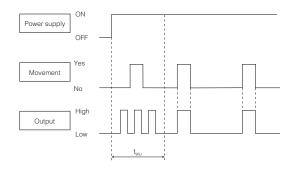
Otherwise the threshold window could be unsymmetrical relative to the offset voltage.

The internal circuit threshold of the EKMC16 series corresponds to output offset voltage(Vos) ± 0.22 V. The threshold of the EKMC46 series corresponds to half of this. Note 3:



Timing chart

2μA / 6μA / 170μA type (digital output)

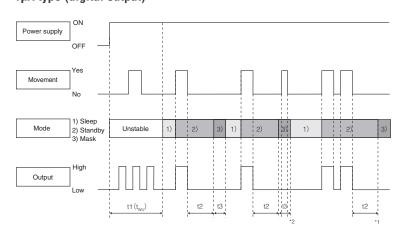


Explanation of the timing

t $_{WU}$ Circuit stability time: about 25 seconds (typ.) for 2 μ A type, max. 10 seconds for 6 μ A type, max. 30 seconds for 170 μ A type.

While the circuitry is stabilizing after the power is turned on, the sensor output is not fixed in the High or Low state. This is true regardless of whether or not the sensor has detected anything.

1μA type (digital output)



Explanation of modes

1) Sleep mode: When the output is Low. The electrical current consumption is around

1μΑ

2) Standby mode: After the sensor's output has reached High status, the sensor switches

to standby mode. The electrical current consumption gets close to $1.9\mu A.$ When the sensor's output returns to its Low value after the "hold time" has expired, the sensor switches again to sleep mode.

3) Mask mode: Time during which the output is forced to Low status after the end of the

Mask mode: I the during which the output is forced to Low status after the end of the standby mode. (No detection is possible during this period.)

Explanation of the timing

t1) (t_{wu}) Circuit stability time: about 25 seconds (typ.)

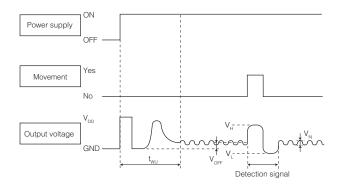
While the circuitry is stabilizing after the power is turned on, the sensor output is not fixed in the High or Low state. This is true regardless of

whether or not the sensor has detected anything.

t2) Standby hold time: About 2.6 seconds (typ.) after the last detection of a signal. (*1)

) Mask time: About 1.3 seconds (typ.) During this stage, even if the sensor detects something, the output will not switch to High. (*2)

170µA type (analog output)



Explanation of the timing

 $t_{_{
m WU}}$ Circuit stability time: max. 30 seconds

While the circuitry is stabilizing after the power is turned on, the sensor output is not fixed. This is true regardless of whether or not the sensor has detected anything.



AMN - Characteristics

AMN - Maximum rated values (digital output)

Items	Value
Power supply voltage	-0.3 to 7V DC
Ambient temperature	-20 to +60°C (no frost, no condensation)
Storage temperature	-20 to +70°C

AMN - Electrical characteristics (digital output)

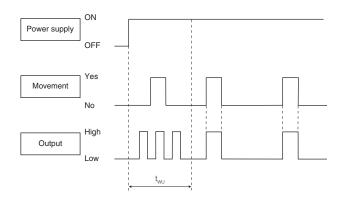
Items	Symbol	AMN3* series		Conditions
Operating voltage	V	Max	6.0V DC	
Operating voltage	$V_{_{\mathrm{DD}}}$	Min	3.0V DC	_
Current consumption (in standby mode) Note 1	I _w	Ave	170μΑ	Ambient temperature: 25°C
Output current (during detection) Note 2	I _{out}	Max	100μΑ	Ambient temperature: 25°C V _{OUT} ≥V _{DD} -0.5VDC
Output voltage (during detection)	V _{OUT}	Min	V _{DD} - 0.5V	Ambient temperature: 25°C
Circuit stability time (when voltage is applied) Note 3	t _{wu}	Max	30 seconds	Ambient temperature: 25°C I _{OUT} = 0A V _{DD} = 5V DC

Note 1: The total current consumption is equal to the current consumption in standby mode (I_W) plus the output current (I_{OUT}).

Note 2: Please select an output resistor (pull-down concept) in accordance with V_{OUT} so that the output current is maximum 100μA. If the output current is more than 100μA, this may cause false alarms.

Note 3: The sensor temperature has to be constant for the time specified.

Digital output



Explanation of the timing

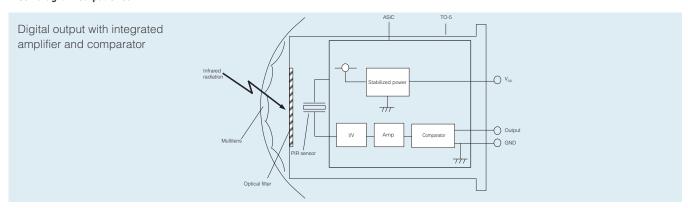
 $\rm t_{WU}$ Circuit stability time: max. 30 seconds

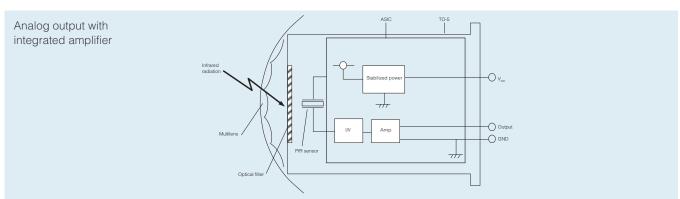
While the circuitry is stabilizing after the power is turned on, the sensor output is not fixed in the High or Low state. This is true regardless of whether or not the sensor has detected anything.



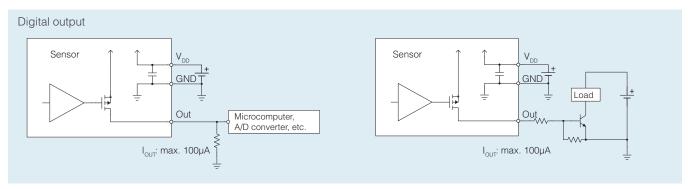
Technical information

Block diagram output circuit





Wiring diagram





Notes: Digital output types:

The output signal for the digital output type is from inside FET drain, therefore pull-down resistors are necessary. Please select an output resistor (pull-down concept) in accordance with V_{OUT} so that the output current is maximum 100 μ A. If the output current is more than 100 μ A, this may cause false alarms.

If the microcomputer has a pull-down function, there is no need for a resistor as long as the output current does not exceed 100µA.

Analog output types (EKMC26 series): In either case, a microcomputer or a resistor needs to be chosen in accordance to V_{CUP} so that the output current is maximum 200 μ A.



Cautions for use

Basic principles

PaPIRs are pyroelectric infrared sensors that detect variations in infrared rays. However, detection may not be successful in the following cases: lack of movement or no temperature change in the heat source. They could also detect the presence of heat sources other than a human body. Efficiency and reliability of the system may vary depending on the actual operating conditions:

- 1) Detecting heat sources other than the human body, such as:
 - a) small animals entering the detection area
 - b) When a heat source, for example sun light, incandescent lamp, car headlights etc., or strong light beam hit the sensor regardless whether the detection area is inside or outside.
 - Sudden temperature change inside or around the detection area caused by hot or cold wind from HVAC, or vapor from a humidifier, etc.
- 2) Difficulty in sensing the heat source
 - a) Glass, acrylic or similar materials standing between the target and the sensor may not allow a correct transmission of infrared rays.
 - Non-movement or quick movements of the heat source inside the detection area.
 (Please refer to the table on page 8 or 11 for details about movement speed.)
- 3) Expansion of the detection area

In case of a considerable difference in the ambient temperature and the human body temperature, the detection area may be larger than the configured detection area.

- 4) Malfunction / Detection error
 - On rare occasions, an erroneous detection signal may be output due to the nature of pyroelectric element. When the application cannot tolerate erroneous detection signals, take countermeasures by introducing a pulse-count circuit, etc.
- 5) Detection distance

Panasonic's PIR Motion sensors state the detection distance in the specifications because they are usually provided with the lens (please refer to item 6 for lensless types). The PIR Motion sensor could detect variations in infrared rays however such variations are decided by following three factors.

- The temperature difference between the target and the surroundings:
 The larger the temperature difference, the easier it is to detect targets.
- Movement speed: If the target is moving at a slower or faster speed than specified in the tables, the detection ability may be lower.
- Target size: The human body is the standard. If the target is smaller or larger than specified in the table, the detection ability may be lower.
 The detection distance explained in our data sheet is defined by the three factors
 - mentioned above. Panasonic's standard for the temperature difference between the target and the surrounding is defined as 4°C. The larger the temperature difference, the longer the detection distance. If the temperature difference is 8°C, which is twice as much as the standard, the detection distance will be approx. 1.4 times longer than the distance at 4°C. For example, if targets at a distance of 5m can be detected at 4°C, then the sensor can detect targets at a distance of 7m at 8°C. (This is based on the theory that the detection sensitivity will vary inversely with the square of the distance.)
- 6) Lensless Type

The lensless type cannot detect any targets because it is not possible to focus infrared variations into the sensor chip. It is not possible to determine the detection distance and the field of view without a lens. Please provide your own lens based on your lens design concept.

Lens material and the plate setting in front of the lens

Typically, the only material that can be passed by infrared rays is Polyethylene. (The lens material of Panasonic's PIR Motion sensors is "High density polyethylene, HDPE".) When you need to set a plate in front of the lens, please choose one made from the Polyethylene. Please note the thickness or color of the plate will affect the detection ability, e.g. it may make the detection distance shorter. Therefore, please confirm by testing the sensor with the plate under realistic conditions.

Cautions

- 1) Refer to the newest specification regarding optimal operating environment conditions.
- Do not solder with a soldering iron above 350°C (662°F) or for more than 3 seconds.
 This sensor should be hand-soldered.
- 3) To maintain stability of the product, always mount it on a printed circuit board.
- Do not use liquids to wash the sensor. If washing fluid gets into the lens, it can reduce the performance.
- 5) Do not use a sensor after it has fallen on the ground.
- The sensor may be damaged by ±200 volts of static electricity.
- Avoid direct hand contact with the pins and be very careful when operating the product.
- When wiring the product, always use shielded cables and minimize the wiring length to prevent noise disturbances.
- The inner circuit board can be destroyed by a voltage surge.
 The use of surge absorption elements is highly recommended.
 Surge resistance: below the power supply voltage value indicated in the section on maximum rated values.
- Please use a stabilized power supply. Noise from the power supply can cause operating errors.
 - Noise resistance: max. ±20V (square waves with a width of 50ns or 1µs)

 To reduce the effect of noise from the power supply , install a capacitor on the sensor's power supply pin.
- Operation errors can be caused by noise from static electricity, lightnings, cell phones, amateur radio, broadcasting offices, etc
- 11) The detection performance can be reduced by dirt on the lens, please be careful.
- 12) The lens is made of soft materials (Polyethylene). Please avoid adding weight or impacts that may change its shape, causing operation errors or reduced performance.
- 13) The specified temperature and humidity levels are suggested to prolong usage. However, they do not guarantee durability or environmental resistance.
 Generally, high temperatures or high humidity levels will accelerate the deterioration of electrical components. Please consider both the planned usage and environment to determine the expected reliability and length of life of the product.
- 14) Do not attempt to clean this product with detergents or solvents such as benzene or alcohol, as these can cause shape or color alterations.
- 15) Avoid storage in high, low temperature or liquid environments.

Also, avoid storage in environments containing corrosive gas, dust, salty air etc.

Adverse conditions may cause performance deterioration and the sensor's main part or the metallic connectors could be damaged.

16) Storage conditions

Temperature: +5 to +40°C, humidity: 30 to 75% Please use within 1 year after delivery.

Safety precautions

Obey the following precautions to prevent injury or accidents.

- 1) Do not use these sensors under any circumstance in which the range of their ratings, environment conditions or other specifications are exceeded. Using the sensors in any way which causes their specifications to be exceeded may generate abnormally high levels of heat, emit smoke, etc., resulting in damage to the circuitry and possibly causing an
- 2) Our company is committed to making products of the highest quality and reliability. Nevertheless, all electrical components are subject to natural deterioration, and durability of a product will depend on the operating environment and conditions of use. Continued use after such deterioration could lead to overheating, smoke or fire. Always use the product in conjunction with proper fire-prevention, safety and maintenance measures to avoid accidents, reduction in product life expectancy or break-down.
- 3) Before connecting, check the pin layout by referring to the connector wiring diagram, specifications diagram, etc., to verify that the connector is connected properly. Mistakes made in connection may cause unforeseen problems in operation, generate abnormally high levels of heat, emit smoke, etc., resulting in damage to the circuitry.
- 4) Do not use any motion sensor which has been disassembled or remodeled.
- 5) Failure modes of sensors include short-circuiting, open-circuiting and temperature rises. If this sensor is to be used in equipment where safety is a prime consideration, examine the possible effects of these failures on the equipment concerned, and ensure safety by providing protection circuits or protection devices.
 Example: Safety equipment and devices, traffic signals, burglar and disaster prevention devices, controlling and safety device for trains and motor vehicles

Global Network

Europe

Headquarters Panasonic Industry Europe GmbH
Austria Panasonic Industry Austria GmbH
The Netherlands Panasonic Industry Benelux B.V.
Czech Republic Panasonic Industry Europe GmbH
France Panasonic Industry Europe GmbH

Panasonic Electric Works Sales Western Europe B.V.

Germany Panasonic Industry Europe GmbH Hungary Panasonic Industry Europe GmbH

Panasonic Industry UK Ltd

ItalyPanasonic Industry Italia srlNordic CountriesPanasonic Industry Europe GmbHPolandPanasonic Industry Poland sp. z o.o.SpainPanasonic Industry Europe GmbH

Switzerland Panasonic Industry Switzerland AG
United Kingdom Panasonic Industry Europe GmbH

Panasonic Industry United Kingdom Ltd.

East Asia

China Panasonic Industry (China) Co., Ltd.

Hong Kong Panasonic Industrial Devices Sales (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd.

Taiwan Panasonic Industrial Devices Sales Taiwan Co., Ltd.

Korea Panasonic Industrial Devices Sales Korea Co., Ltd.

Japan Panasonic Industrial Devices Sales Japan Co., Ltd.

Asia-Pacific

Singapore / Indonesia Panasonic Industry Sales Asia Pacific
Thailand Panasonic Solutions (Thailand) Co., Ltd.

Malaysia Panasonic Industrial Devices Sales (M) Sdn. Bhd.
Philippines Panasonic Manufacturing Philippines Corporation

India Panasonic Life Solution India Pvt. Ltd.

Vietnam Panasonic Vietnam Co., Ltd. / Panasonic Sales Vietnam

Turkey Panasonic Elektronik Satis A.S., PTR.

The Americas

United States

Ireland

(Headquarters in NJ) Panasonic Industrial Devices Sales Company of America

Canada Panasonic Canada Inc

Brazil Panasonic Do Brasil Limitada



We are dedicated to the highest standards of global sustainability as **Your Committed Enabler**. Find out more on our <u>website</u>.

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